Pathways to Meet Student and Schools Needs in 2024 Virginia Budget

Severe underfunding of our schools is depriving our students of highly-qualified educators and resources they need. The state has the resources to meet our needs.

Our education sector in Virginia is in crisis mode: educators are leaving in droves, students are facing significant mental health challenges, and the rate of burnout in the field is higher than ever. We need a budget that changes this trajectory, supports struggling families and their students, and raises the needed revenue to make sure all communities can thrive. There's <u>no evidence</u> to support Governor Youngkin's assertion that income tax drives people to leave Virginia. Quite the contrary, high-quality schools and communities with ample public resources attract families and businesses. We can move out of the <u>bottom tier for state</u> <u>spending on students</u> and create the communities we all want to live in by asking those who have benefited most from Virginia's economy to pay their fair share.

Critical Funding for Schools and Families (Cost over Biennium)

- → Rebenchmarking Youngkin budget shortchanges schools (\$388 million) by supplanting the last round of federal pandemic aid they received
- → Move VA's teacher pay to at least national average (\$708 million) - 3% next year, and 7% the following
- → Fully lift arbitrary cap on school support staff (\$240 million)
- → Hold divisions harmless, as promised, for changes in the grocery sales tax last year (\$229 million)
- → Scale community schools, provide training and resources (\$120 million)
- → Fund school counselors and mental health staff at 1:250 ratio (\$240 million)
- → Scale NBCT support and incentives for highly-qualified teachers to \$7,500 a year (\$16 million)
- → Assistance for housing insecure families with children 5000 Families Initiative (\$100 million)
- → Child Tax Credit (\$600 million)
- → Increase state refundable EITC to 25% of federal credit (\$58 million)
- → JLARC recommendations for more adequate special education, English learner, and economically disadvantaged student support (\$1.5 billion)
- → JLARC recommendation for near-term technical fixes to fund schools at actual cost (\$470 million)

\$4.67 Billion

Revenue Options to Meet Needs (Over Biennium)

- → New tax brackets for highest income earners (possible options):
 - ♦ 10% incomes over
 - \$1,000,000 (\$2.0 billion)
 ♦ 7% for incomes over
 - 7% for incomes over \$600,000 (\$800 million)
- → Allow elevated Standard Deduction amounts to expire, lowering threshold (\$2.0 billion)
- → Youngkin-proposed "New Economy" sales tax expansion (\$714 million)



\$5.51 Billion